

KEY BENEFITS

- Enhanced Thermal Model including RTD and current unbalance biasing providing complete motor protection
- Detailed Motor Health Report providing critical motor data simplifying motor analysis
- Increase process uptime by trouble shooting problems faster with time stamped event reports, waveform capture, motor start and motor trending
- Increase security and reduce potential system risks with the Security Audit Trail capturing setting and command changes
- Powerful communication capabilities allowing seamless integration into most communication architectures

- Easy access to information via multiple communication network options including USB, Serial, Fiber & copper Ethernet
- Eliminate FT switches, needed for testing with the unique drawout construction
- Reduced wiring with support for remote RTD's
- Reduce setup and configuration time with the Simplified Motor Setup screen
- · Customized motor overload curve using Flex curves
- Draw out and non draw out options available

APPLICATIONS

- Small to Medium sized Medium Voltage AC Motors
- Protection of pumps, conveyors, fans, compressors, etc.
- · Applications requiring fast and secure communications
- Harsh environments requiring protection against corrosive chemicals and humid environments

FEATURES

Protection and Control

- Thermal model biased with RTD and negative sequence current feedback
- Phase and ground TOC and IOC
- Start supervision and inhibit
- Mechanical Jam
- Current Unbalance
- Overvoltage
- Undervoltage
- Under/Over Frequency
- Voltage Phase Reversal
- Acceleration Time
- Undercurrent / Underpower
- Starts per Hour

Enervista™ Software

- Enervista Software- an industry-leading suite of software tools that simplifies every aspect of working with Multilin devices
- · Simplified motor setting configurator

Metering & Monitoring

- Current Metering
- RTD Temperature
- Voltage Metering
- Power & Energy Metering
- Frequency Metering
- Event Recorder: 256 events with 1ms time stamping
- Oscillography with 32 samples per cycle and digital states
- IRIG-B clock synchronization
- · Motor health diagnostics
- · Security audit trail

User Interface

- 4X20 character LCD display
- Control panel with 12 LED indicators
- Front USB and rear serial & Ethernet ports
- · Multiple Protocols:

IEC® 61850

IEC 61850 GOOSE

MODBUS TCP/IP, MODBUS RTU,

DNP 3.0, IEC 60870-5-104, IEC 60870-5-103



Overview

The 339 relay is a member of the 3 Series family of Multilin relays. This motor protective device is used to perform primary motor protection of medium voltage motor applications.

The basic protection functions of this relay include motor thermal model, time-delayed and instantaneous overcurrent, ground overcurrent and sensitive ground overcurrent protection. Additional control features such as logic control are available for applications that require additional motor control functionality.

The robust 339 streamlines user work flow processes and simplifies engineering tasks such as configuration, wiring, testing, commissioning, and maintenance. This cost-effective relay also offers enhanced features such as diagnostics, preventative maintenance, motor health reports and advanced security features.

Easy to Use

Drawout Construction

The 339 offers a complete drawout feature eliminating the need for rewiring after testing has been concluded. The withdrawable feature also eradicates the need to disconnect communication cables, e.g. fiber, copper, RJ45, etc and helps retain communication status even after a relay has been withdrawn from its case.

Effortless Retrofit

The compact and withdrawable feature of the 339 relay minimizes mounting requirements, enables easy retrofit to existing cases, and allows multiple relays to be mounted side by side on a panel. The 339 also provides a pluggable RS485 & IRIG-B connection for easy trouble shooting.

Easy to Configure

Fast & Simple Configuration

Providing ease-of-use functionality, the 339 allows for motor configuration in a simple one page setup screen. Therefore complete motor protection setup can be completed in one easy step.

Advanced Communications

Easy integration into new or existing infrastructure

With several Ethernet and serial port options, and a variety of communication protocols, the 339 provides advanced and flexible communication selections for new and existing applications.

339 Relay Features



Easy to Configure - 1 simple step



















Enhanced Diagnostics

Preventative Maintenance

The 339 allows user to track relay exposure to extreme environmental conditions by monitoring and alarming at high or low temperatures. This data allows users to proactively schedule regular maintenance work and upgrade activities.

Failure Alarm

The 339 detects and alarms on communication port and IRIG-B failures. The 339 also enables users to analyze system performance via diagnostics information such as event records, oscillography, etc. It issues detailed motor health reports and alarms when thresholds are exceeded.

Cost Effective

Robust Design

The 339 is subjected to Accelerated Life Testing (ALT) to validate accurate relay functions under specified normal conditions. The device is further tested for durability through High Accelerated Life Testing (HALT), undergoing stress testing for extreme operating conditions.

Reduced Life Cycle Cost

The 339 is designed to reduce total installation and life cycle cost for motor protection. The draw out construction of the device reduces downtime during maintenance and decreases extra wiring needed for relay testing and commissioning.

Multiple Options

Several options for protection and communications are provided to match basic to high end application requirements.

Protection & Control

The 339 motor protection system is designed to protect and manage small to medium sized AC motors and driven equipment. Flexible and powerful, the 339 provides advanced motor protection, control and monitoring in one integrated, economical draw-out design. The 339 contains a full range of self contained protection and control elements as detailed in the Functional Block Diagram and Features table.

Motor Thermal Model

To provide optimal protection and maximum runtime, the 339 Motor Protection System employs GE's Industry leading advanced Thermal Model, consisting of six key elements:

- Overload Curves
- Unbalance Biasing
- Hot/Cold Safe Stall Ratio
- Motor Cooling Time Constants
- Thermal Inhibit and Emergency Restart
- RTD Biasing

FlexCurves™

A smooth custom overload curve is created using FlexCurves. These curves can be used to protect motors with different rotor damage and stator damage curves, allowing total motor design capacity with complete protection.

Over/Under Voltage Protection

Overvoltage/Undervoltage protection features can cause a trip or generate an alarm when the voltage exceeds a specified voltage setting for a specified time.

Frequency Protection

The 339 offers overfrequency and underfrequency protection elements that provide the ability to detect when the motor is operating at off-nominal frequencies which can cause damage to the process. In such cases, the protection elements can trip the motor off-line or can be used to signal to upstream protection and control devices to implement load-shedding schemes.

Unbalance (Negative Sequence) Biasing

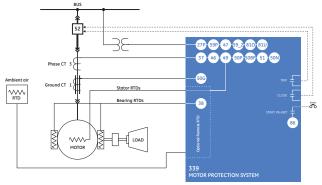
Negative sequence current, which causes additional rotor heating, is not accounted for in the thermal limit curves provided by the manufacturer. The 339 measures current unbalance as a ratio of negative to positive sequence current. The thermal model is then biased to reflect the additional rotor heating.

RTD Biasing

The Thermal Model relies solely on measured current to determine motor heating, assuming an ambient temperature of 40°C and normal motor cooling. The actual motor temperature will increase due to abnormally high ambient temperatures or if the motor cooling systems have failed.

RTD Biasing enhances the motor thermal

Functional Block Diagram



ANSI® Device Numbers & Functions

Device Number	Function		
27P	Phase UV		
37	Undercurrent, Underpower		
38	Bearing RTD, Stator/ Ambient/Other, RTD Trouble Alarm		
46	Current Unbalance		
47	Voltage Phase Reversal		
48	Acceleration Time		
49	Thermal Protection/Stall Protection		
50BF	Breaker Failure / Welded Contactor		
50G	Ground Fault		

Device Number	Function			
50P	Short Circuit			
51P	Mechanical Jam			
50N	Neutral Instantaneous Overcurrent			
59_2	Negative Sequence OV			
59P	Phase OV			
66	Starts per Hour & Time Between Starts, Restart Block, Thermal Inhibit			
810	Overfrequency			
81U	Underfrequency			
86	Lockout			
VTFF	VT Fuse Failure			

model by calculating the thermal capacity used based on available Stator RTD temperatures.

RTD Biasing does not replace the TCU calculated using the motor current. It provides a second and independent measure of thermal capacity used. Based on a programmable curve, the 339 will calculate the TCU at any given temperature. This TCU is then compared to that of the thermal model, and the larger of the two will be used.

Hot / Cold Safe Stall Ratio

The ratio defines the steady state level of thermal capacity used (TCU) by the motor. This level corresponds to normal operating temperature of a fully loaded motor and will be adjusted proportionally if the motor load is lower than rated.

Motor Cool Time Constants

The 339 has a true exponential cooldown characteristic which mimics actual motor cooling rates, providing that motor cooling time constants are available for both the stopped and running states. When ordered with RTD's the stopped and running cool time constants will be calculated by the 339 based on the cooling rate of the hottest RTD, the hot/cold stall ratio, the ambient temperature, the measured motor load and the programmed service factor or overload pickup.

Start Inhibit

The Start Inhibit function prevents starting of a motor when insufficient thermal capacity is available or a motor start supervision function dictates inhibit.

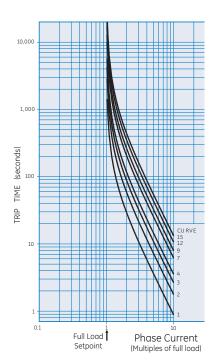
Motor Start Supervision

Motor Start Supervision consists of the following features: Time-Between-Starts, Starts-per-hour, Restart Time.

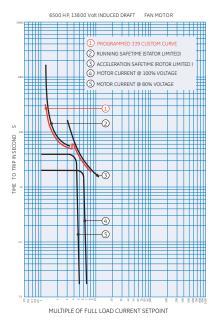
These elements guard the motor against excessive starting duty, which is normally defined by the motor manufacturer in addition to the thermal damage curves.

Undercurrent

The undercurrent function is used to detect a decrease in motor current caused by a decrease in motor load. This is especially useful for indication of conditions such as:



15 Standard Curves available in the 339.



Typical Flexcurve

loss of suction for pumps, loss of airflow for fans, or a broken belt for conveyors. A separate undercurrent alarm may be set to provide early warning.

Mechanical Jam

During overload conditions, quick motor shutdown can reduce damage to gears, bearings and other mechanical parts associated with the drive combination.

Ground Overcurrent

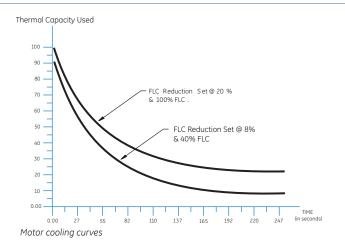
For zero sequence ground overcurrent protection, all three of the motor conductors must pass through a separate ground CT. CTs may be selected to detect either high-impedance zero sequence

ground or residual ground currents. The ground fault trip can be instantaneous or programmed for a time delay.

RTD Protection

The 339 provides programmable RTD inputs via the remote RMIO that are used for monitoring the Stator, Bearing and Ambient temperatures. Each RTD input has 2 operational levels: alarm and trip. The 339 supports RTD trip voting and provides open and short RTD monitoring.

The remote RMIO RTD module is used with the 339 in cases where RTD monitoring is required.



Inputs/Outputs

The 339 features the following inputs and outputs for monitoring and control of typical motor applications:

- 10 contact Inputs with programmable thresholds
- 2 Form A output relays for breaker trip and close with coil monitoring
- 5 Form C output relays

Advanced Automation

Logic Elements

The 339 relay has sixteen Logic Elements available for the user to build simple logic using the state of any programmed contact, virtual, or remote input, or an output operand from protection, or control elements.

The logic provides for assigning up to three triggering inputs in an "AND/OR" gate for the logic element operation and up to three blocking inputs in an "AND/OR" gate for defining the block signal. Pickup and dropout timers are available for delaying the logic element operation and reset respectively.

Virtual Inputs

Virtual inputs allow communication devices the ability to write digital commands to the 339 relay. These commands could be starting or stopping the motor, changing setting groups or blocking protection elements.

IEC 61850

The 339 supports IEC 61850 Logical Nodes which allows for digital communications to DCS, SCADA and higher level control systems.

In addition, the 339 also supports IEC 61850 GOOSE communication, providing a means of sharing digital point state information between 339's or other IEC 61850 compliant IED's.

- Eliminates the need for hardwiring contact inputs to contact outputs via communication messaging.
- Transmits information from one relay to the next in as fast as 8 ms.
- Enables sequence coordination with upstream and downstream devices.
- When Breaker Open operation malfunctions, GOOSE messaging sends a signal to the upstream breaker to trip and clear the fault.

Monitoring & Diagnostics

Event Recording

Events consist of a broad range of change of state occurrences, including pickups, trips, contact operations, alarms and self test status. The 339 stores up to 256 events time tagged to the nearest millisecond.

This provides the information required to determine sequence of events which facilitates diagnosis of relay operation. Event types are individually maskable in order to avoid the generation of undesired events, and includes metered values and status of all the protection elements at the moment of the event.

Oscillography

The 339 captures current and voltage waveforms and digital channels at 32 samples per cycle. The oscillography record captures 8 individual channels allowing for detailed analysis. The oscillography is triggered either by internal signals or an external contact.

Statistical Data

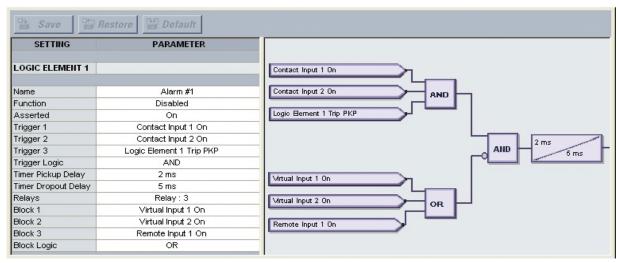
The 339 records the following statistical data in order to assist in diagnosing common motor faults, as well as assisting in planning preventative maintenance.

- · Total running hours
- Number of motor starts
- Total number of motor trips

Pre-Trip Alarms

The 339 can trigger an alarm prior to a trip caused by the following conditions:

- Thermal Overload
- Ground Fault
- Unbalance
- Undercurrent



Sixteen logic elements available for simple logic for applications such as manual control, interlocking, and peer to peer tripping.

- RTD over temperature
- Broken RTD sensor
- Internal self-test

Advanced Device Health Diagnostics

The 339 performs comprehensive device health diagnostic tests during startup and continuously at runtime to test its own major functions and critical hardware. These diagnostic tests monitor for conditions that could impact system reliability. Device status is communicated via SCADA communications and the front panel display. This continuous monitoring and early detection of possible issues helps improve system availability by employing predictive maintenance.

IRIG-B

IRIG-B is a standard time code format that allows time stamping of events to be synchronized among connected devices within 1 milliseconds. An IRIG-B input is provided in the 339 to allow time synchronization using a GPS clock over a wide area. The 339 IRIG-B supports both AM and DC time synchronization with an auto detect feature that removes the requirement for manual selection.

Motor Health Report

The Multilin 339 relay provides motor diagnostic information in a legible easy to use format that enables the user to make informed decisions on the health of their motor.

Based on the graphical representation and trended values of the motor data gathered by the 339, this enables users to quickly identify process and motor issues prior to a process failure.

The 339 Motor Health Report provides a summary page detailing information on related motor performance.

The following information is detailed in the 339 Motor Health Report:

- Motor Acceleration Time
- Starting Current
- · Thermal capacity used during starting

- · Average Motor Load
- Average Phase currents
- Current unbalance
- Ground current

Metering

Actual Values

The 339 provides users with the following metering information in order to accurately monitor the operating conditions of the motor:

- Current: Ia, Ib, Ic, In, Ig, Isg
- Phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground voltages: Van, Vbn, Vcn, Vab, Vbc, Vca
- Active power (3-phase) kW
- Reactive power (3-phase) kVAR
- Frequency
- Current Unbalance
- Motor load current as a % of full load
- Motor thermal capacity used
- Stator/Bearing/Ambient RTD temperature

Security

Security Audit Trail

In accordance with NERC CIP security reporting requirements and to provide complete traceability, the 339 maintains a history of the last 10 changes made to the 339 configuration, including modifications to settings and firmware upgrades. In addition, the Security Audit Trail records the last ten commands sent to the relay through communications or from the front panel.

Security Setting Report includes the following information:

- If Password was required to change settings
- MAC address of user making setting changes
- Listing of modified changes
- Method of setting changes Keypad, Front serial port, Ethernet, etc.



The Motor Heath Report allows you to easily "see" how your motor is doing:

- Start/stop history
- Comprehensive trip details
- Learned acceleration time and starting current
- · Many other motor health details

Password Control

With the implementation of the Password Security feature in the 339 relay, extra measures have been taken to ensure unauthorized changes are not made to the relay. When password security is enabled, changing of setpoints or issuing of commands will require passwords to be entered. Separate passwords are supported for remote and local operators, and separate access levels support changing of setpoints or sending commands.

Advanced Communications

The 339 utilizes the most advanced communication technologies today making it the easiest and most flexible motor protection relay to use and integrate into new and existing infrastructures. Multiple communication ports and protocols allow control and easy access to information from the 339. All communication ports are capable of communicating simultaneously.

The 339 supports the most popular industry standard protocols enabling easy, direct integration into electrical SCADA and HMI systems. Modbus RTU is provided as standard with a RS485 networking port. The following optional protocols are available:

- IEC 61850
- IEC 61850 GOOSE
- DNP 3.0.
- Modbus RTU,
- Modbus TCP/IP.
- IEC 60870-5-104.
- IEC 60870-5-103

Easy to Use

Simplified Motor Setting

Included with every 339 Motor Protection System is the Multilin Simplified Motor Setup. The Simplified Motor Setup provides users with a quick and easy method to setup and start the motor and process in applications that require fast commissioning.

The Simplified Motor Setup will generate a complete 339 setting file based on the motor nameplate and system information entered by the user. Once all the information is entered, the Simplified Motor Setup will generate the settings file, as well as provide the documentation indicating which settings were enabled, along with an explanation of the specific parameters entered. The Simplified Motor Setup will provide a detailed setting file in PDF format that can be saved or printed for future reference.

Enervista Software

The Enervista suite is an industry leading set of software programs that simplifies every aspect of using the 339 relay. The Enervista suite provides all the tools to monitor the status of the protected asset, maintain the relay, and integrate the information measured into DCS or SCADA monitoring systems. Convenient COMTRADE and sequence of event viewers are an integral part of the 339 set up software and are included to ensure proper protection and system operation.

Launchpad

Enervista Launchpad is a powerful software package that provides users with all of the set up and support tools needed for configuring and maintaining GE products. The setup software within Launchpad allows configuring devices in real time by communicating using serial, Ethernet or modem connections, or offline by creating setting files to be sent to devices at a later time.

Included in Launchpad is a document archiving and management system that ensures critical documentation is up-to-date and available when needed. Documents made available include:

- Manuals
- Application Notes
- Guideform Specifications
- Brochures
- · Wiring Diagrams
- FAQs



Trace any setting changes with security audit trail

Service Bulletins

Viewpoint Monitoring

Viewpoint Monitoring is a simple to use and full featured monitoring and data recording software package for small systems. Viewpoint monitoring provides a complete HMI package with the following functionality:

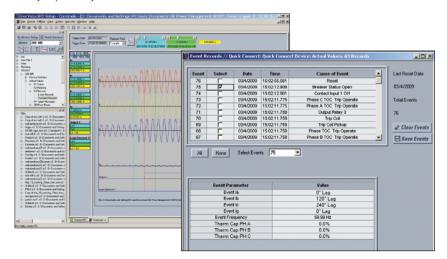
- Plug and play device monitoring
- System single line monitoring and control
- Annunciator alarm screens
- · Trending reports
- Automatic event retrieval
- Automatic waveform retrieval

Viewpoint Maintenance

Viewpoint Maintenance provides tools that will increase the security of the 339 Motor Protection System. Viewpoint Maintenance will create reports on the operating status of the relay, and simplify the steps to troubleshoot protected motors.

Power System Troubleshooting

Analyze power system disturbances with transient fault recorder and event records



The tools available in Viewpoint Maintenance include:

- Settings Security Audit Trail
- Device Health Report
- Comprehensive Fault Diagnostics

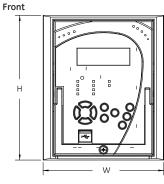
EnerVista Integrator

EnerVista Integrator is a toolkit that allows seamless integration of Multilin devices into new or existing automation systems. Included in the EnerVista Integrator is:

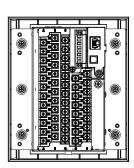
- OPC/DDE Server
- Multilin Devices
- Automatic Event Retrieval
- Automatic Waveform Retrievel

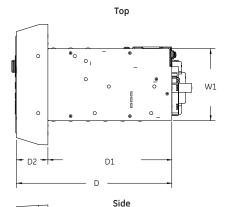
Dimensions

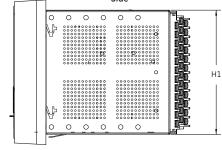
	DRAW-OUT DESIGN		NON DRAW-OUT DESIGN	
	in	mm	in	mm
Н	7.93	201.5	7.98	202.7
W	6.62	168.2	6.23	158.2
D	9.62	244.2	9.35	237.5
W1	3.96	100.6	3.96	100.6
D1	7.89	200.4	7.88	200.2
D2	1.73	43.8	1.47	37.3
H1	6.82	173.2	6.82	173.2



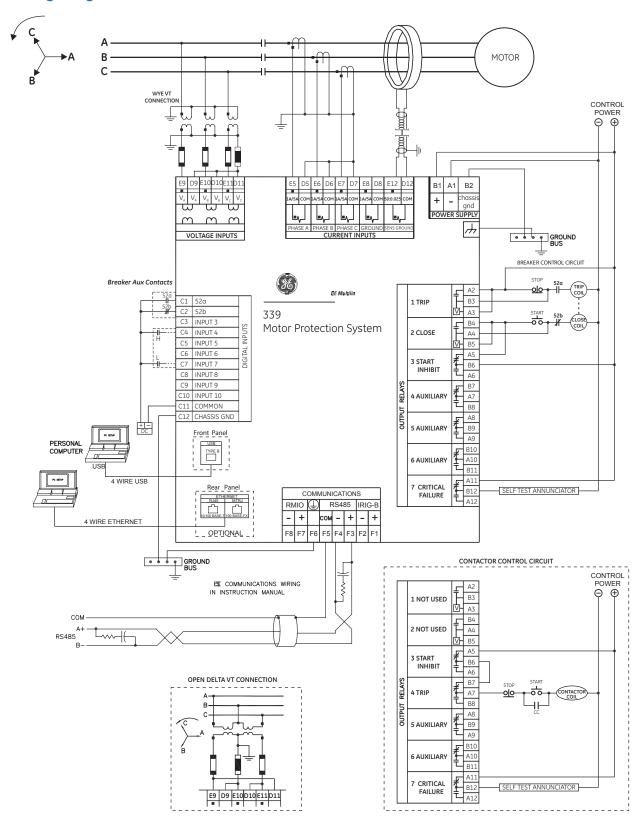
Rear







Wiring Diagram



User Interface



IN SERVICE: This indicator will be on continuously lit if the relay is functioning normally and no major self-test errors have been detected

TROUBLE: Trouble indicator LED will be AMBER if there is a problem with the relay or if relay is not programmed.

LOCKOUT: Lockout initiates when a lockout trip is active.

RUNNING: Indicates that the motor is running in normal operation

STOPPED: Indicates that the motor is stopped

STARTING: Indicates that the motor is in the starting process

TRIP: Indicates that the relay has tripped the motor offline based on predefined programmed conditions.

ALARM: Indicates that the motor is currently operating in an alarm condition and may proceed to a trip condition if not addressed.

MAINTENANCE: Environmental alarms such as ambient temperature alarm, coil monitor or trip counter.

The display messages are organized into Main Menus, Pages, and Sub-pages.

There are four main menus labeled Actual Values, Quick Setup, Setpoints, and Maintenance. Pressing the MENU key followed by the MESSAGE key scrolls through the four Main Menu Headers.

The ten button keypad allows users easy access to relay configuration and information.

USER INTERFACE OPTIONS: Draw out and non draw out options available

Technical Specifications

PASSWORD SECURITY

Master Reset 8 to 10 alpha-numeric characters Password: Settings Password: 3 to 10 alpha-numeric characters

for local or remote access
3 to 10 alpha-numeric characters Control Password: for local or remote access

NEUTRAL INSTANT NEOUS OVERCURRENT (50N)

0.05 to 20 x CT in steps of 0.01 x CT 96 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 1 x CT Pickup - 0.02 x CT @ I <1 x CT Pickup Level: Dropout Level: 0.00 to 300.00 sec in steps of 0.01 <30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms Time Delay: Operate Time:

time delay <35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms time delay

0 to 1 cycle per CT input Trip or Alarm Timer Accuracy: Level Accuracy: Elements:

Voltage can be:
- Calculated from VT phases (VTs must be connected in

- Measured by Vaux input (3V0 provided by an external open delta connection)

Polarizing Voltage: **Polarizing Current:**

I_G From 0° to 359° in steps of 1° MTA: Angle Accuracy: 20 to 30 ms

UNDERCURRENT

Pickup Level: Dropout Level:

Time Delay: Block from Start: Pickup Accuracy: Timing Accuracy: Level Accuracy: Elements:

Operation Delay:

0.1 to 0.95 x FLA in steps of 0.01

101 to 104% of Pickup 1.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s 0 to 600 s in steps of 1 s

as per phase current inputs ±0.5 s or ± 0.5% of total time per CT input Trip or Alarm

CURRENT UNBALANCE Unbalance Pickup 4 to 40% in steps of 1%

Level: **Unbalance Time** 1.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Delay: Single Phasing unbalance level > 40% or when lava Pickup Level: ≥25%FLA and current in any phase is less than the cutoff

current Single Phasing Time Delay: Dropout Level: 96 to 99% of pickup

Pickup Accuracy: ± 0.5 s or $\pm 0.5\%$ of total time Timing Accuracy:

Unbalance Trip and Alarm Elements:

Single Phasing Elements:

RTD Pickup: 1 to 250°C in steps of 1°C Pickup Hysteresis:

Time Delay: 3 sec Elements: Trip and Alarm

RTD TROUBLE ALARM

<-50°C or >250°C RTD Trouble Alarm

LOAD INCREASE ALARM 50 to 150%FLA in steps of 1%FLA

Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Alarm Time Delay: 96 to 99% of Pickup 1.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s as per phase current inputs ±0.5 s or ±0.5% of total time Pickup Accuracy:

SHORT CIRCUIT

Timing Accuracy: Pickup Level: Dropout Level: 1.00 to 20.00 x CT in steps of 0.01 x CT 96 to 99% of Pickup @ I > 1 x CT

Pickup - 0.02 x CT @ I < 1 x CT 0.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Alarm Time Delay: Pickup Accuracy: Operate Time: as per phase current inputs < 30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 \times PKP), 0 ms time delay < 35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 \times PKP), 0 ms

time delay

Timing Accuracy: 0 to 1 cycle Trip or Alarm MECHANICAL IAM TRIP

Pickup Level: 1.01 to 4.50 x FLA in steps of 0.01 x FLA, blocked from start 96 to 99% of Pickup 0.10 to 30.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Dropout Level: Trip Time Delay: Pickup Accuracy: as per phase current inputs <30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms Operate Time:

time delay <35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms

time delay ±0.5 s or ±0.5% of total time Timing Accuracy:

GROUND FAUL

0.03 to 1.00 x CT in steps of 0.01 x CT 0.50 to 15.00 A in steps of 0.01 A (CBCT) Pickup Level:

Pickup - 0.02 x CT 96 to 99% of Pickup (CBCT) 0.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s **Dropout Level:** Alarm Time Delay

on Run: Alarm Time Delay 0.00 to 60.00 s in steps of 0.01 s on Start: Trip Time Delay on Run: 0.00 to 5.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Trip Time Delay on 0.00 to 10.00 s in steps of 0.01 s

as per ground current inputs <30 ms @ 60Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms Pickup Accuracy: Operate Time:

time delay <35 ms @ 50Hz (I > 2.0 x PKP), 0 ms

time delay 0 to 1 cycle Trip and Alarm Timing Accuracy: Elements:

PHASE/AUXILIARY UNDERVOLTAGE

1 to 100% Hz MNR 1% 101% to 104% of Pickup Pickup Level: Dropout Level: 1.0 to 60.0 s in steps of 0.1 as per power monitoring specification ±0.5 s or ±0.5% of total time Pickup Accuracy:

Timing Accuracy: Trip and Alarm Elements:

10

Technical Specifications (Continued)

THERMAL PROTECTION (49) Locked Rotor 2.0 to 1

2.0 to 11.0 x FLA in steps of 0.1 x FLA Current: Safe Stall Time: 1.0 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1 s Curve Multiplier:

1 to 15 in steps of 1 1.01 to 1.25 x FLA in steps of 0.01 x Pickup Level:

FLA Phase unbalance Curve Biasina:

Hot/Cold biasing Stator RTD biasing Exponential Running and Stopped

Coolina Rates TCU Update Rate: 3 cycles

per phase current inputs Pickup Accuracy: Timing Accuracy: ± 200 ms or ±2% of total time

Trip and Alarm

PHASE/AUXILIARY UNDERVOLTAGE (27P/27X)

Programmable from 0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01 0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01 Minimum Voltage: Pickup Level

Dropout Level: Curve: Time Delay: 101 to 104% of pickup Definite Time, Inverse Time 0.1 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1 Time delay ±30 ms @ 60 Hz (V < 0.85 x PKP) Operate Time:

Time delay ±40 ms @ 50 Hz (V < 0.85 x PKP) ±3% of expected time, or 1 cycle,

Time Delay Accuracy whichever is greater

Level Accuracy: Per voltage input

NEGATIVE SEQUENCE/PHASE OVERVOLTAGE (59P/59 2)

Pickup Level: Dropout Level: 0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01 96 to 99% of pickup Time Delay: Operate Time: 0.1 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1 Time delay ± 30 ms @ 60 Hz (V < 0.85 \times PKP)

Timing Accuracy: ± 0.5 s or $\pm 0.3\%$ of total time

Level Accuracy: Per voltage input

PHASE REVERSAL (47) ABC or ACB phase rotation

Configuration: Time Delay: 100 ms Timing Accuracy: Elements: ±0.5 s Trip or Alarm

UNDERFREQUENCY

0.00 to 1.25 x VT in steps of 0.01 Minimum Voltage: Pickup Level: 40.00 to 70.00 Hz in steps of 0.01

Dropout Level: Pickup +0.03 Hz Time Delay: 0.1 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1

Timing Accuracy: ± 0.5 s or $\pm 0.5\%$ of total time +0.01 Hz

Level Accuracy: Trip and Alarm Elements

OVERFREQUENCY (810)
Minimum Voltage: 0.3 0.3xVT

40.00 to 70.00 Hz in steps of 0.01 Pickup Level:

Dropout Level: Pickup -0.03 Hz

Time Delay: 0.1 to 600.0 s in steps of 0.1 Timing Accuracy: ± 0.5 s or $\pm 0.5\%$ of total time

Level Accuracy: ±0.01 Hz Trip and Alarm Elements

ACCELERATION TIME TRIP

Pickup Level: Dropout Level: Motor start condition Motor run, trip, or stop condition Timers for Stopped to running

single-speed:

Stopped to high speed, stopped to low speed, low to high speed Timers for

1.0 to 250.0 s in steps of 0.1 Time Delay: Timing Accuracy: ±200 ms or ±1% of total time

MOTOR DATA LOGGER

6 buffers, containing a total of 30 seconds of motor starting Length:

Trigger: Motor start status

Trigger Position: Logging Rate: 1-second pre-trigger duration 1 sample/200 ms

METERING SPECIFICATIONS Accuracy ±1% of full scale Resolution Range ±100000.0 kW 3-Phase Real Power (kW) 0.1 kW 3-Phase Reactive Power (kvar) 3-Phase Apparent Power (kVA) ±1% of full scale ±1% of full scale 0.1 kvar 0.1 kVA ±100000.0 kvar 100000.0 kVA 3-Phase Positive Watthour (MWh) 3-Phase Negative Watthour (MWh) 3-Phase Positive Varhour (Mvarh) ±0.001 MWh ±0.001 MWh ±0.001 Mvarh 50000.0 MWh 50000.0 MWh 50000.0 Mvarh ±1% of full scale ±1% of full scale ±1% of full scale ±0.001 Mvarh 50000.0 Mvarh -0.99 to 1.00 3-Phase Negative Varhour (Mvarh) ±1% of full scale Power Factor ±0.05 Hz 0.01 Hz 40.00 to 70.00 Hz Frequency

FUSE FAIL Time Delay: +0.5 s Timing Accuracy: Trip or Alarm

Flements DATA LOGGER

Number of

Channels: Parameters: Any available analog actual value 1 cycle, 1 second, 1 minute, 1 hour All logic elements, Logic operand: Any Trip PKP/OP/DPO, Any Alarm PKP/OP/DPO Sampling Rate: Trigger Source:

Continuous or triggered Mode

TRANSIENT RECOR

Buffer size: No. of buffers: 1x192, 3x64, 6x32 No. of channels: 32 samples per cycle Sampling rate: Triggers:

Manual Command Contact Input

Virtual Input Logic Element Element Pickup/Trip/Dropout/Alarm

AC input channels Contact input state Contact output state Virtual input state Logic element state RAM - battery backed-up

Data storage:

EVENT RECORDER Number of events:

Data:

Content:

256
event number, date of event, cause of event, per-phase current, ground current, sensitive ground current, neutral current, per-phase voltage (VTs connected in "Wye"), or phase-phase voltages (VTs connected in "Delta"), system frequency, power, power factor, thermal capacity, motor load, current unbalance
Non-volatile memory.

Data Storage: Non-volatile memory

LEARNED DATA RECORDER Number of events:

Header:

Date, number of records Content:

learned acceleration time, learned starting current, learned starting capacity, last starting current, last starting capacity, last starting capacity, last acceleration time, average motor load learned, average run time after start (days). average run time after start (minutes) Non-volatile memory

Data Storage:

CLOCK

Date and time Daylight Saving Time RTC Accuracy: ± 1 min / month at

Auto-detect (DC shift or Amplitude IRIG-B:

Modulated) Amplitude modulated: 1 to 10 V

pk-pk DC shift: 1 to 10 V DC

Input impedance: 40 kOhm ± 10%

LOGIC ELEMENTS

Number of logic elements: 16 Trigger source inputs per element: Block inputs per

Supported AND, OR, NOT, Pickup / Dropout

operations: Pickup timer: timers 0 to 6000 ms in steps of 1 ms Dropout timer: 0 to 6000 ms in steps of 1 ms

BREAKER CONTRO

Operation:

Asserted Contact Input, Logic Element, Virtual Input, Manual Command, Remote Input Opens/closes the motor breaker Function:

START INHIBIT Thermal Start Inhibit: Thermal Inhibit Margin: 0 to 25 % in steps of 1% Maximum: 1 to 5 starts in steps of 1 Starts per Hour Inhibit: Time Between Time Between Starts: 1 to 3600 s in steps of 1 s Restart Inhibit Delay: 1 to 50000 s in steps of 1 s Starts Inhibit: Restart Inhibit:

BREAKER FAILURE/WELDED CONTACTOR

Current Supervision: hase Current

Current

0.05 to 20.00 x CT in steps of 0.01 x CT

Supervision Pickup: Time Delay 1:

0.03 to 1.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Time Delay 2: 0.00 to 1.00 s in steps of 0.01 s Current 1 to 64 ms, selectable, in steps of 1

Supervision Dropout: Current Supervision Accuracy:

97 to 98% of pickup 0 to 1 cycle (Timer 1, Timer 2) Timing Accuracy:

BREAKER TRIP COUNTER

1 to 10000 in steps of 1

Trip Counter Limit (Pickup):

EMERGENCY RESTART

Function:

Defeats all motor start inhibit features, resets all trips and alarms, and discharges the thermal apacity to zero so that a hot motor can be restarted in the event of an emergency

Contact Input 1 to 10, Virtual Input 1 to 32, Logic Element 1 to 16, Remote Input 1 to 32 Operation:

LOCKOUT RESET Function:

Reset any lockout trips when this feature is configured Contact Input 1 to 10, Virtual Input 1 to 32, Logic Element 1 to 16, Remote Input 1 to 32 Operation:

RESET Function:

Resets any alarms and non-lockout trips when LOCKOUT RESET is configured, or resets any alarms and trips (lockout and non-lockout trips) when LOCKOUT RESET is not

Contact Input 1 to 10, Virtual Input 1 to 32, Logic Element 1 to 16, Remote Input 1 to 32 Operation:

AMBIENT TEMPERATU
High Temperature
Pickup: 2
Low Temperature 20°C to 80°C in steps of 1°C

Pickup: Time Delay: Temperature -40°C to 20°C in steps of 1°C 1 to 60 min in steps of 1 mins Configurable 90 to 98% of pickup Dropout:

Temperature

±10°C Accuracy: Timing Accuracy: ±1 second

CONTACT INPUTS

Inputs: Selectable thresholds: 17, 33, 84, 166 VDC

Recognition time: Debounce time:

1 to 64 ms, selectable, in steps of 1

1/2 cycle

Continuous 2 mA current draw:

opto-isolated inputs Type: External switch: wet contact Maximum input

300 VDC voltage:

CBCT INPUT (50:0.025) 0.5 to 15.0 A Range: Nominal

50 or 60 Hz frequency: Accuracy (CBCT): ±0.1 A (0.5 to 3.99 A) ±0.2 A (4.0 A to 15 A)

PHASE VOLTAGE IN PUTS

Source VT: VT secondary 100 to 20000 V range: VT ratio: 50 to 240 V 1 to 300 in steps of 1

Nominal frequency:

Accuracy: ±1.0% throughout range
Voltage withstand: 260 VAC continuous

50/60 Hz

Technical Specifications (Continued)

 PHASE & GROUND CURRENT INPUTS

 CT Primary:
 30 to 1500 A

 Range:
 0.05 to 20 × CT

 Input type:
 1 A or 5 A (must be specified with order)

 Nominal frequency:
 50/60 Hz

 Burden:
 <0.1 VA at rated load</td>

 Accuracy:
 ±1% of reading at 1 × CT

CT withstand: 1 second at 100 × rated current 2 seconds at 40 × rated current continuous at 3 × rated current

 FREQUENCY

 Accuracy:
 ±0.05 Hz

 Resolution:
 0.01 Hz

 Range:
 40.00 to 70.00 Hz

RTD INPUTS
RTD Type: 100 Ohm platinum (DIN.43760)
RTD Sensing 5 mA
Current:

FORM-A VOLTAGE MONITOR
Applicable voltage: 20 to 250 VDC
Trickle current: 1 to 2.5 mA

FORM-A RELAYS

Configuration: 2 (two) electromechanical
Contact material: silver-alloy
Operate time: <8 ms
Continuous
current: 10 A
Make and carry

For 0.2s: 30 A per ANSI C37.90

Break (DC 24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A

ms): Break (DC 24 V / 10 A 48

Break (DC 24 V / 10 A 48 V / 6 A 125 V / 0.5 A resistive): 250 V / 0.3 A Break (AC inductive): 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300

resistive): 277 VAC / 10 A

TRIP / CLOSE SEAL-IN
Relay 1 trip seal-in: 0.00 to 9.99 s in steps of 0.01
Relay 2 close

 Seal-in:
 0.00 to 9.99 s in steps of 0.01

 HIGH RANGE POWER SUPPLY

 Nominal:
 120 to 240 VAC 125 to 250 VDC

Range: 60 to 300 VAC (50 and 60 Hz) 84 to 250 VDC Ride-through time: 35 ms

Ride-through time: 35 ms

LOW RANGE POWER SUPPLY
Nominal: 24 to 48 VDC
Range: 20 to 60 VDC

FORM-C RELAYS
Configuration: 5 (five) electromechanical
Contact material: silver-alloy
Operate time: <8 ms

Continuous current: 10 A
Make and carry for 0.2s: 30 A per ANS

for 0.2s: 30 A per ANSI C37.90 Break (DC 24 V / 1 A 48 V / 0.5 A 125 V / 0.3 A 250 V / 0.2 A

inductive): 720 VA @ 250 VAC Pilot duty A300

Break (AC
resistive): 277 VAC / 10 A

ALL RANGES
Voltage withstand: 2 × highest nominal voltage for 10 ms
Power 15 W nominal, 20 W maximum
20 VA nominal, 28 VA maximum

consumption: 20 VA nominal, 28 VA m

SERIAL

RS485 port: Opto-coupled
Baud rates: up to 115 kbps
Response time: ns typical
Parity: None, Odd, Even
Maximum
Distance: 1200 m (4000 feet)

The company of th

Fiber type: 100 MB Multi-mode
Wavelength: 1300 nm
Connector: MTRJ
Transmit power: -20 dBm
Receiver -31 dBm
sensitivity: 9 dB
Maximum input power: 9 dB

USB Standard specification:

specification: Compliant with USB 2.0

Data transfer rate: 115 kbps

DIMENSIONS
Size: Refer to Dimensions Chapter
Weight: 4.1 kg [9.0 lb]

| Low voltage directive EN60255-5 / EN60255-27 / EN61010-1 |
| CE: EMC Directive EN60255-26 / EN50263, EN61000-6-2, UL508 |
| Manufactured under a registered quality program ISO9001

TYPE TESTS Dielectric voltage 2.3KV withstand: Impulse voltage EN60255-5 5KV withstand. Damped Oscillatory: IEC 61000-4-18/ IEC 60255-22-1 2.5KV CM, 1KV Electrostatic Discharge: RF immunity: EN61000-4-2/ IEC 60255-22-2 Level 4 EN61000-4-3/ Level 3 IEC 60255-22-3 IEEE C37.90.1 Fast Transient 4KV CM & DM Disturbance Surge Immunity: EN61000-4-5/ Level 3 & 4 IEC 60255-22-5 EN61000-4-6/ IEC 60255-22-6 Conducted RE Level 3 Immunity: IEC 61000-4-8 Level 4 Power Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity: CISPR11 /CISPR22/ Radiated & Class A Conducted IFC 60255-25 Emissions: IEC 60255-21-1 Sinusoidal Class 1 IEC 60255-21-2 Shock & Bump: Class 1 0, 40, 70, 80% dips, 250/ 300 cycle Voltage Dip & interruption: IFC 61000-4-11 interrupts IP40 front IP10 Back Ingress Protection: IEC 60529 **Environmental** IFC 60068-2-1 -40C 16 hrs Environmental (Dry IEC 60068-2-2 85C 16hrs heat): Relative Humidity IEC 60068-2-30 6day variant 2 Cvclic: Fast Transient IEEE® C37.90.1 4KV CM & DM Disturbance SWC Damped Oscillatrory: IEEE C37.90.1 2.5KV CM & DM IFFF C37.90.3 8KV CD, 15KV Electrostatic Discharge

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT
Ambient operating -40°C to +60°C [-40°F to +140°F] temperature:

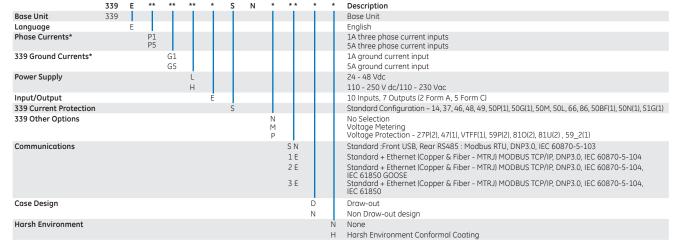
Ambient storage / shipping temperature:

Humidity: Operating up to 95% (non condensing) @ 55C (As per IEC 60068-2-30 Variant 2, 6days)

Pollution degree: || Overvoltage || || category:

category: Ingress Protection: IP40 Front , IP10 back

Ordering



Ordering Notes: 1) G1/G5 and S1/S5 must match corresponding P1/P5 - there cannot be 5A and 1A mixing